



Terrorism Preparedness Plan

Before the Disaster	
Create an emergency communications plan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Establish a meeting place.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Assemble a disaster supplies kit.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check on the school emergency plan of any school-age children you may have	<input type="checkbox"/>
Make a list of important phone numbers, such as non-emergency numbers for the police and fire departments, FBI field office, and local emergency management office, and post it by your telephone. Make sure children know how to dial 911 or "0" in an emergency.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Develop a communications plan for your family. Choose someone who does not live with you (preferably out-of-town) that you and other family members can contact to check on each other in the event that you are separated during a disaster. Carry the number in your wallet.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Establish a meeting place for family members if home or neighborhood evacuation is necessary. Pick one place near your home and one outside your neighborhood in case you can't return after a disaster.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Take a basic course in CPR and first-aid.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Learn how to turn off water, gas, and electricity at main switches.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Learn about emergency plans for your children's school or day care center.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Draw a floor plan of your home and mark two escape routes from each room. Practice your evacuation plan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Know your community's evacuation routes.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Work with your Neighborhood Watch group or civic association to create a community disaster preparedness plan.	<input type="checkbox"/>

If Disaster Strikes..	
Remain calm and be patient.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Follow the advice of local emergency officials.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Listen to your radio or television for news and instructions.	<input type="checkbox"/>
If the disaster occurs near you, check for injuries. Give first aid and get help for seriously injured people.	<input type="checkbox"/>

If the disaster occurs near your home while you are there, check for damage using a flashlight. Do not light matches or candles or turn on electrical switches. Check for fires, fire hazards and other household hazards. Sniff for gas leaks, starting at the water heater. If you smell gas or suspect a leak, turn off the main gas valve, open windows, and get everyone outside quickly.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shut off any other damaged utilities.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Confine or secure your pets.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Call your family contact—do not use the telephone again unless it is a life threatening emergency	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check on your neighbors, especially those who are elderly or disabled.	<input type="checkbox"/>

After the Disaster	
Evacuation	
Wear long-sleeved shirts, long pants and sturdy shoes so you can be protected as much as possible.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Take your disaster supplies kit.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Take your pets with you; do not leave them behind. Because pets are not permitted in public shelters, follow your plan to go to a relative or friend's home, or find a "pet-friendly" hotel.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lock your home.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Use travel routes specified by local authorities—don't use shortcuts because certain areas may be impassable or dangerous.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Stay away from downed power lines. Listen to local authorities. They will provide you with the most accurate information specific to an event in your area. Staying tuned to local radio and television, and following their instructions is your safest choice.	<input type="checkbox"/>